



(e-Magazine for Agricultural Articles)

Volume: 04, Issue: 05 (SEP-OCT, 2024) Available online at http://www.agriarticles.com [©]Agri Articles, ISSN: 2582-9882

Discovering Grewia Optiva: The Versatile Wonder Plant

(^{*}Prakash¹, K.S. Pant², Prem Prakash³, A.K. Bhatia¹ and Saakshi¹) ¹Ph.D. Research Scholar, Department of Silviculture and Agroforestry, COF, Solan, HP ²Professor and Head, Department of Silviculture and Agroforestry, COH&F, Neri ³Assistant Professor, Department of Silviculture and Agroforestry, COF, Solan, HP (Dr. Y. S. Parmar University of Horticulture and Forestry, Nauni, Solan, HP) ^{*}Corresponding Author's email: <u>prakash342605@gmail.com</u>

Grewia optiva, commonly known as the boon tree, is a versatile plant native to the Himalayan region, celebrated for its remarkable adaptability and numerous uses. This article explores the ecological benefits, nutritional value and cultural significance of Grewia optiva, highlighting its potential in sustainable agriculture, traditional medicine and food security. By delving into its various applications and the challenges it faces, we aim to raise awareness of this underutilized plant and encourage its cultivation and conservation.

Keywords: Grewia optiva, traditional medicine, ecological benefits, nutritional value, fodder security

Introduction

Grewia Optiva, commonly known as the Beul/Bihul/Dhaman, is an often-overlooked plant native to the Indian subcontinent. Its diverse applications in nutrition, medicine and sustainable agriculture make it a remarkable addition to our ecosystems. As global interest in sustainable practices and herbal remedies grows, understanding and promoting plants like *Grewia Optiva* becomes increasingly important.

Botanical Characteristics

Grewia Optiva is a deciduous shrub or small tree that can reach up to 5 meters in height. Its heart-shaped leaves and small greenish-yellow flowers give it an appealing aesthetic. The fruits initially green and later turning yellowish or reddish-brown, are known for their sweet, tangy flavor, enjoyed both fresh and dried.

Taxonomic Classification

- **Domain:** Eukaryota
- Kingdom: Plantae
- **Phylum:** Spermatophyta
- Subphylum: Angiospermae
- Class: Dicotyledonae
- Order: Malvales
- **Family:** Tiliaceae
- Genus: Grewia
- **Species:** *Grewia optiva*

Soil Preferences

- Soil Texture: Tolerates light to medium textures
- Soil Reaction: Prefers neutral pH
- Soil Drainage: Thrives in well-drained conditions

Agri Articles

• Special Soil Tolerance: Can grow in shallow soils

Wood Products

- Boats
- **Containers:** Pallets
- Furniture
- Pulp: Short-fiber pulp
- Roundwood: Posts
- Sawn or Hewn Timbers:
 - Carpentry/joinery (both exterior and interior)
 - Flooring
 - Light construction
- Woodware:
 - Industrial and domestic items
 - Sports equipment
 - Tool handles

Silvicultural Characteristics

- Frost Tolerance
- Coppicing Ability
- Pollarding Capability

Silvicultural Practices

- Seed Storage: Orthodox methods
- Vegetative Propagation:
 - Cuttings
 - Air layering
 - Stump plants
- Stand Establishment:
 - Direct sowing
 - Planting stock methods

Ecological Importance

Soil Conservation: One of *Grewia Optiva* standout features is its deep root system, which helps prevent soil erosion. This is particularly beneficial in hilly or sloped regions where soil stability is crucial.

Biodiversity and Agroforestry: *Grewia Optiva* thrives in various conditions, especially in arid and semi-arid climates. It can be intercropped with other plants, providing shade and enhancing biodiversity. This symbiotic relationship boosts soil health and resilience against pests and diseases.

Fodder Production: In many rural areas, *Grewia Optiva* serves as a vital fodder source for livestock, offering nutritious leaves that support animal health. Integrating it into farming systems can enhance livestock productivity.

Nutritional and Medicinal Benefits

Nutritional Powerhouse: The fruits of *Grewia Optiva* are rich in Vitamin C, dietary fiber and antioxidants, making them a valuable addition to the diet. Regular consumption can help boost immunity, improve digestion and provide natural energy.

Traditional Medicinal Uses: For centuries, various parts of *Grewia Optiva* have been utilized in traditional medicine, especially in Ayurvedic practices. Notable applications include:

- Anti-inflammatory Effects: Leaves and bark can be brewed into teas or poultices to alleviate inflammation.
- **Digestive Health**: The fibrous fruits are effective for digestive issues, including constipation.
- Antioxidant Properties: Preliminary studies suggest the plant may help reduce oxidative stress in the body.

Growing Grewia Optiva

Cultivating *Grewia Optiva* is straightforward, making it accessible for both small-scale farmers and home gardeners:

- 1. Site Selection: Choose a sunny location with well-drained soil.
- 2. **Propagation**: Can be propagated through seeds or cuttings. Soaking seeds for 24 hours can improve germination rates.
- 3. **Watering**: While drought-tolerant once established, regular watering during initial growth is beneficial.
- 4. **Maintenance**: Minimal care is required; pruning can encourage bushier growth, enhancing fodder production.

Economic Potential

A Crop for the Future: As demand for sustainable agriculture rises, *Grewia Optiva* presents unique opportunities for diversification. Its ability to thrive in challenging conditions and various uses make it appealing for both commercial and subsistence farming.

Value-Added Products: Beyond fresh fruit, there is potential for creating jams, jellies and dried fruit products, benefiting local markets and providing additional income for farmers.

Conclusion: Embracing Grewia Optiva

Grewia Optiva is a testament to nature's bounty, offering a wealth of benefits across nutrition, medicine and sustainable agriculture. By promoting the cultivation of this versatile plant, we can contribute to a more sustainable future while honoring rich traditions of herbal medicine. The journey of *Grewia Optiva* from the wild to the farm symbolizes a pathway toward healthier communities and a deeper connection to our environment.





Figure: Bast fiber by product of Grewia optiva (Beul)

References

- 1. Chopra, R.N., Nayar, S.L., & Chopra, I.C. (1956). Glossary of Indian medicinal plants. New Delhi: Council of Scientific and Industrial Research.
- 2. Grierson, D.S., & Afolayan, A. J. (1999). Antibacterial activity of some indigenous plants used for the treatment of wounds in the Eastern Cape, South Africa. Journal of Ethnopharmacology, 66(1); 103 106.
- 3. Kumar, R. R., Chauhan, J., & Joshi, U. Social Economical and Medicinal Importance of Grewia.
- 4. Orwa, C, A. Mutua, R. Kindt, R. Jamnadass and A. Simons. 2009. Agroforestry Database: a tree reference and selection guide version 4.0 optiva. (http://www.worldagroforestry.org/af/treedb/).
- 5. Prakash (2024). Performance of cereal and pulse crops under *Grewia optiva* Drummond. based agroforestry systems in mid-hill region of Himachal Pradesh. PhD (Forestry) Agroforestry Thesis (SAF) Dr. Yashwant Singh Parmar University of Horticulture and Forestry, Nauni, Solan, Himachal Pradesh, India. https://krishikosh.egranth.ac.in/items/b299d7cc-f10f-4033-8769 9877bae821c5
- 6. Uddin, G., Ullah, W., Siddiqui, B.S. & Shah, S.Q. (2013). Grewialin and optivanin new constituents from the stem bark of *Grewia optiva* Drummond ex Burret (Tiliaceae), Natural Product Research: Formerly Natural Product Letters, 27(3): 215-220.